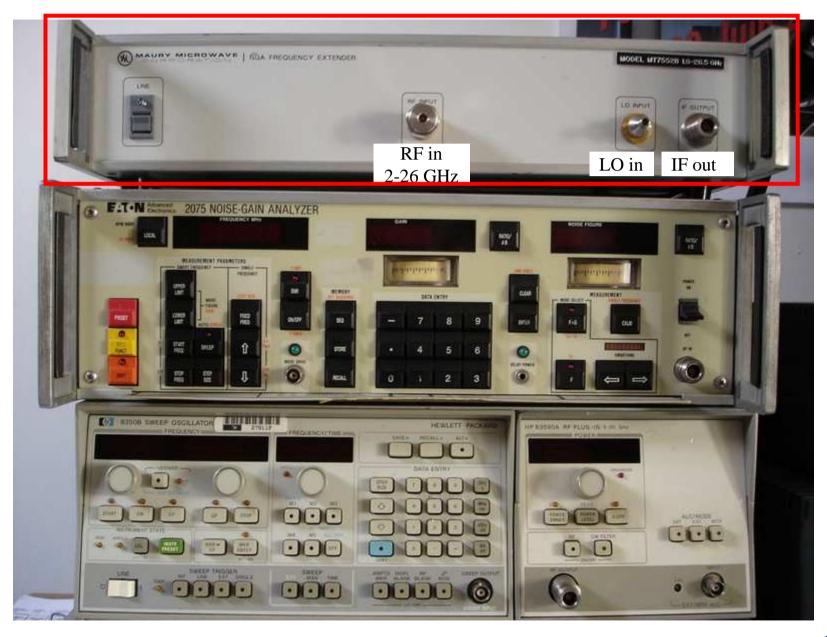
# Measures over 2 GHz with Eaton MT7552b 26 GHz extension



### **Overview**

AGILENT / HP 8970a or EATON 2075 gain/noise analysers are limited to frequencies respectively up to 1.6 or 2 GHz. In order to extend their possibilities over 2 GHz the only way is to use these extensions :

- The HP 8971(b or c) NF test set extension (18 or 26.5 GHz) is only dedicated to the HP 8971b (not « a ») analyser! Either SSB and DSB measures can be done.
- If an HP 8350 sweep is choosen, the b version is obligatory.
- The Eaton MT7550 extender family has a more simple construction and a more universal use (whole Eaton 2075 family or HP/Agilent 8970a and b analysers) - But measures can only be done in DSB mode!
- The local oscillator choice is only restricted by the GPIB calble obligation

The chance was just given to me to do reverse engineering, make a few restricted measures and understand how it is working!

And great thanks to F5ICN - - without him these investigation would not been possible!!!

# **Abstract**

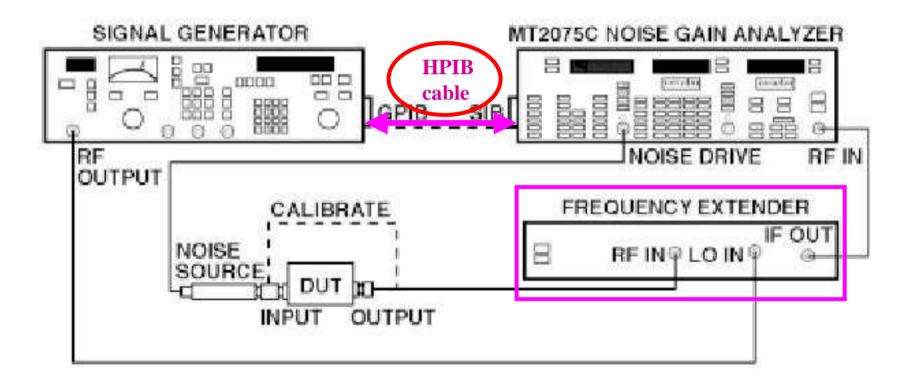
- 1- Reverse engineering internal hardware
- 2- Broadband gain / NF calibration problems
- 3-8 to12 GHz broadband measures on a 10 GHz DB6NT preamp
- 4- 2 to 15 GHz broadband measures
  Broadband calibration problems?
  Measures from 5 to 15 GHz?
  Measures from 2 to 7 GHz
- **5- Conclusions**

# 1- Internal hardware

#### Eaton (Maury) MT 7550 series noise gain analyser frequency extender, up to 26 GHz

The choice of only **DSB mode** measurements possibility gives a design with :

- no internal tracking filter
- no HPIB tracking requirement, only between analyser and sweep generator
- only a 20 dB broadband preamplifier, a mixer and a 500 MHz LPF!!
- fixed IF of 30 MHz (up to 500 MHz)



#### Eaton (Maury) MT 7550 series noise gain analyser frequency extender

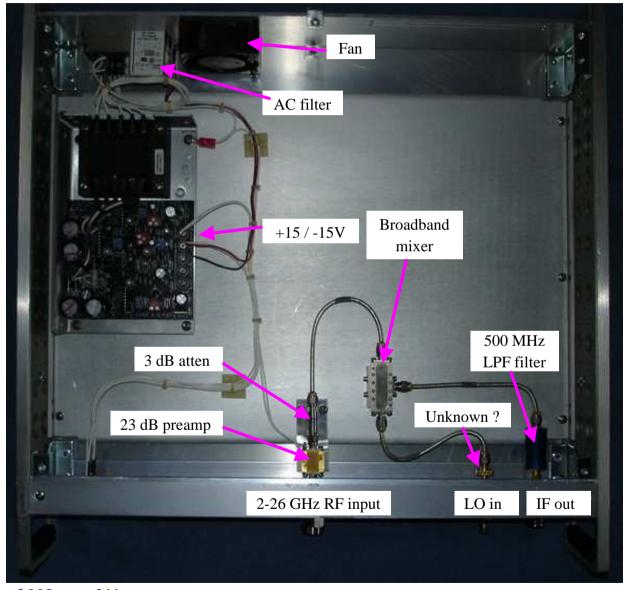
3 models choice according to the frequency domain

	Conversion Mode	Frequency Range GHz	Model
	Single Sideband	1.6 — 4.2	MT7550A
	Double Sideband	1.8 — 18.0	MT7551B
>> no inside filter!	Double Sideband	1.8 — 26.5	MT7552B

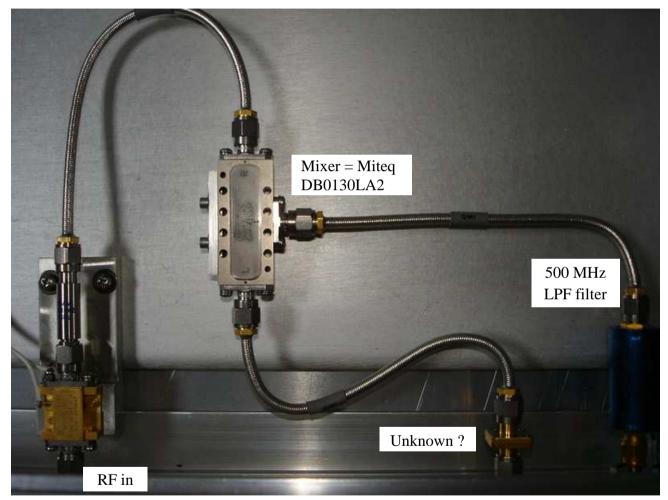
Great advantage: full compatibility with:

- all Agilent/HP sweeps 9350a or b series - or sweep synthesiser
- all Maury/Eaton or Agilent/HP noise/gain analyser

MT 7552 extender from 2 to 26.5 GHz – a very empty box!



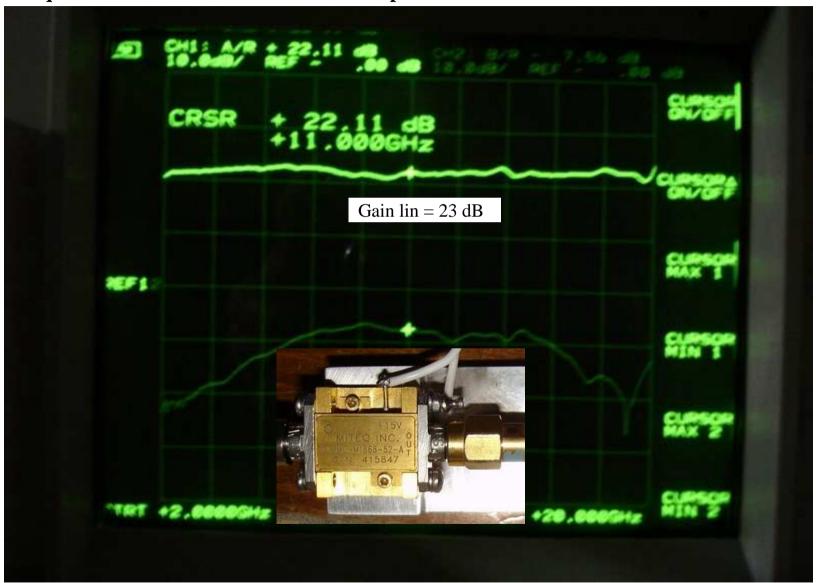
The RF mixer assembly



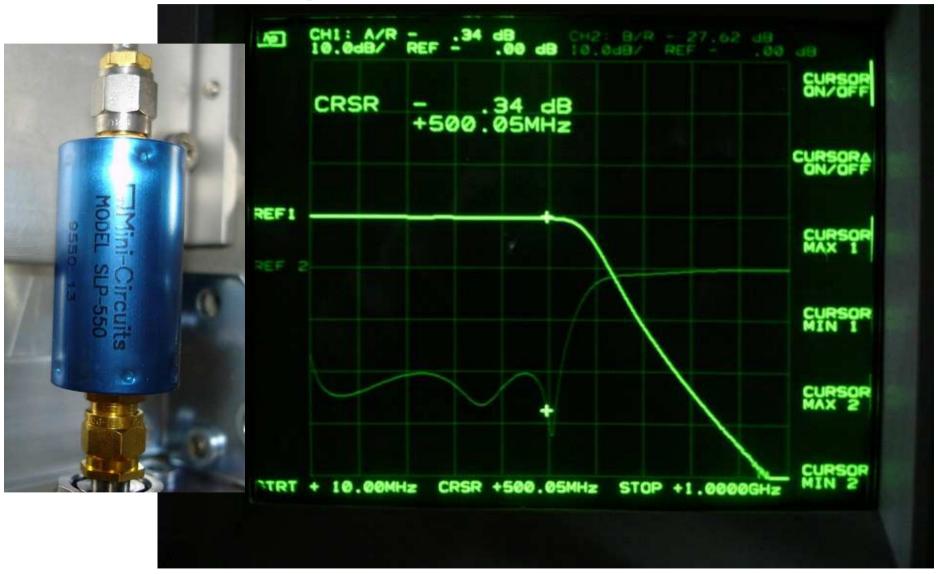


Zoom on Rf input assembly

#### Miteq MT869-52-A 26 GHz broadband amplifier meas



#### Mini-Circuits SPL-550 low pass filter



Meas of « unknown » serial SMA/SMA in LO line



2- Broadband gain / NF calibration → problems

#### HPIB commands examples using either the HP or Eaton analyser

					outside LO at freque				
With HF	8970a a	analysei	r				With Ea	ton 207	5 analyser
	HP 8970a master			_	HPIB			Eaton 201 master	75
		HPIB cable		HPIB cable analyser					HPIB cable
	HP 8350a slave swee			menu to enter				HP 8350a ou b	
	default address 8						default ac		
page 3-70	1,1	SP	LED Local	Talk "on"	Var RF, ext LO, fixed IF		SP	1,2	Enter
Start	6000	Enter			Start 6 GHz		Start	6000	Enter
Stop	12000	Enter			Stop 12 GHz		Stop	12000	Enter
Step size	100	Enter			Step size		Step size	100	Enter
					= DSB		SP	2,0	Enter
	41,0	SP			Drives the HP 8350a or b sweep		SP	47,3	Enter
	4,1	SP			Takes the HP 8350a control		SP	40,2	Enter
	3,0	SP	70	Enter	Fixed IF of 70 MHz	Shift	Start	70	Enter
Sweep HF	8350	Pwr Ivl	6	dBm	P LO = +6 dBm		Shift	↑ 6	Enter
	19,1	SP			IF cal		SP	33,0	Enter

First broadband gain / NF calibration tryings up to 15 GHz – a GREAT DECEPTION! Why?

With its internal Miteq broadband preamp, it's **absolutely impossible** to get a correct **broadband NF cal** The beginning of calibrating immediately gives **ERROR 118** (input overloading)

Tests were previously tried as followings (WITHOUT ANY SUCCES):

- SP 16.2 or 16.3 instead of 16.1 (other calibration attenuator setting)
- LO power injection from +10 dbm, down to -2 dBm
- Subsidiary 10 or 20 dB N attenuator in the IF line
- IF frequency change from 30 to 150 MHz
- Tryings with Eaton 2075a and b models or HP 8970a analysers give same results
- It can work at some dot or spot frequencies but is absolutely unable to make broadband measures
- Sure that this Eaton extension wasn't only thought for this restricted purpose or ???

#### Only solution: putting a 20 dB attenuator AFTER the internal Miteq broadband amp

A 20 dB attenuator between broadband amp output and mixer input (initial 3 dB attenuator replacement) cures immediately the problem

- Trying a 10 dB attenuator isn't sufficient (Error 118)
- Sorry I didn't try with values between 13 and 19 dB
- The same 10 or 20 dB put at its front-end doesn't solve the problem (error 118)

So the total gain before mixer input is now roughly 0 dB - - as it is with an outside passive mixer

#### So I suppose that:

- A 10 to 13 dB broadband amplifier instead of the actual 25 dB one is largely sufficient (compensating the mixer losses irregularities).

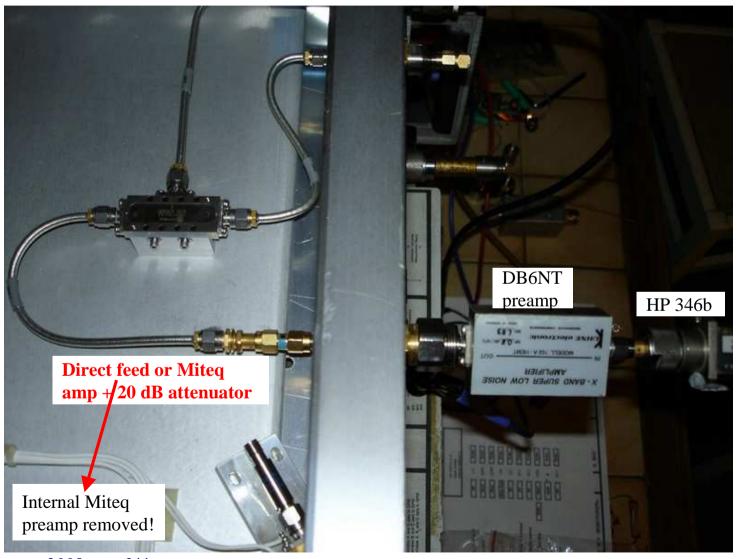
# 3- First restricted 8 to 12 GHz broadband measures on a 10 GHz DB6NT preamp

### Following measures and comparaisons were done

- a- Direct RF input to mixer (no Miteq broadband amp) → internal passive mixer
- b- 20 dB attenuator between Miteq amp and mixer instead of the 3 dB original one → active mixer
- c- Factory build Extender without any mods
- d- Comparaison with an external Watkins-Johnson M52C broadband mixer

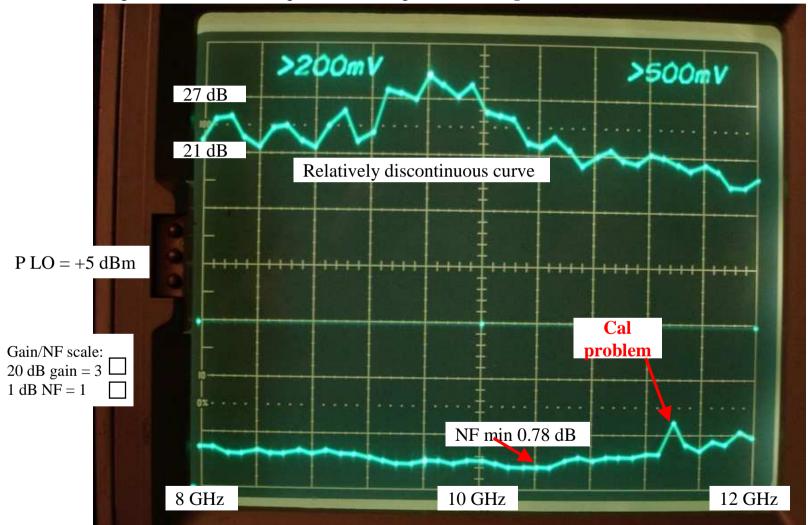
#### Broadband meas of a DB6NT 10 GHz preamplifier

Hardware needed



#### Meas of a DB6NT 10 GHz preamplifier

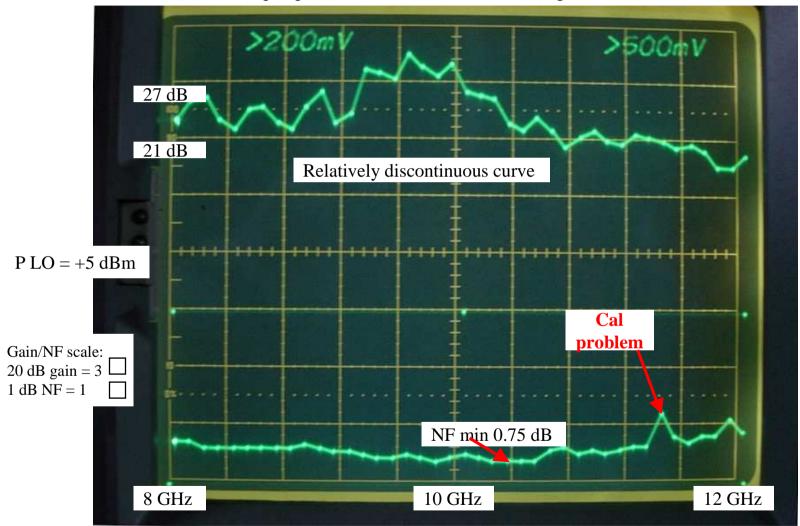
a- Direct RF input to mixer (no Miteq broadband amp) → internal passive mixer



Impossible to make a correct call especially à F > 12 GHz (broadband mixer losses uncontinuous and too high)

#### Meas of a DB6NT 10 GHz preamplifier

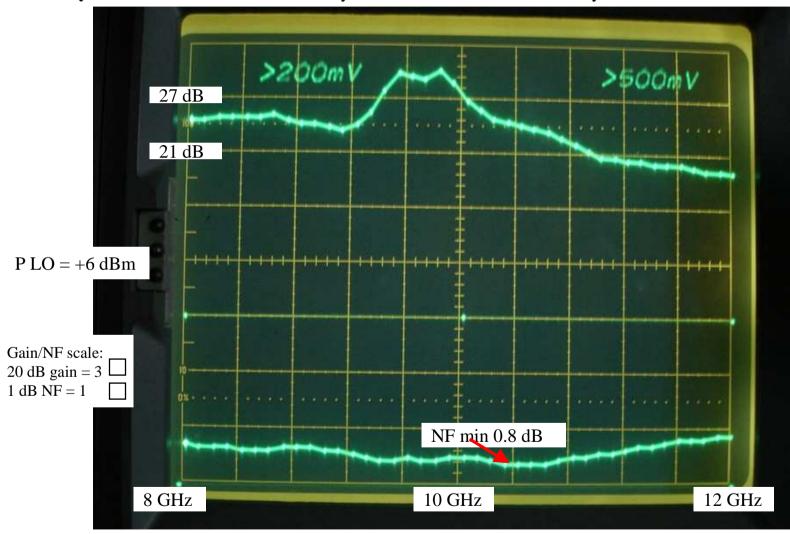
b- 20 dB attenuator between Miteq amp and mixer instead of the 3 dB original one → internal active mixer



It gives exactly the same results as before but could be measured!!

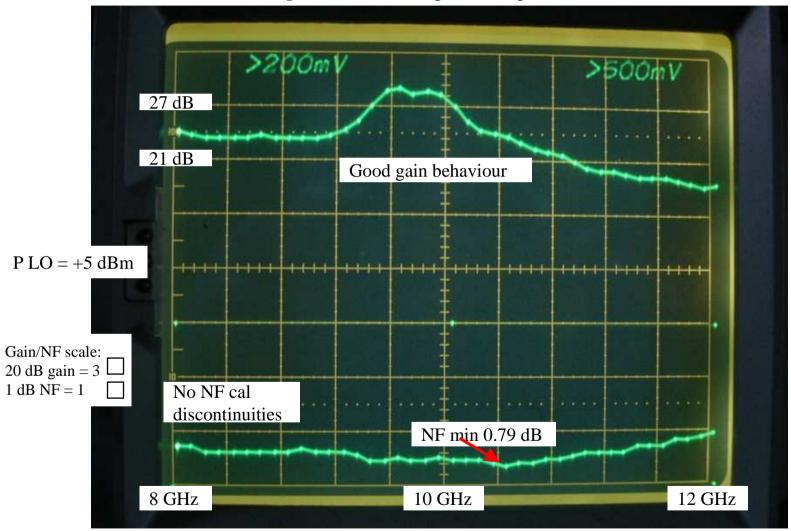
#### Meas of a DB6NT 10 GHz preamplifier

c- Factory build Eaton extender without any modifications - - but Eaton analyser with SP 16.3 function



#### Meas of a DB6NT 10 GHz preamplifier

d- External Watkins-Johnson M52C passive mixer as « gold » comparaison



# 4-2 to 15 GHz broadband measures

#### 2 to 15 GHz calibration problems with factory build Eaton extension

- Impossibility to get correct NF calibration at frequencies ABOVE 12.4 GHz
- Correct calibration restricted from 2 to 12 GHz but with:

Gain/NF analyser max internal attenuator setting with SP 16.3

Sweep with P LO restricted to +7 dBm max and 500 MHz step size (error 118 if more power injection)

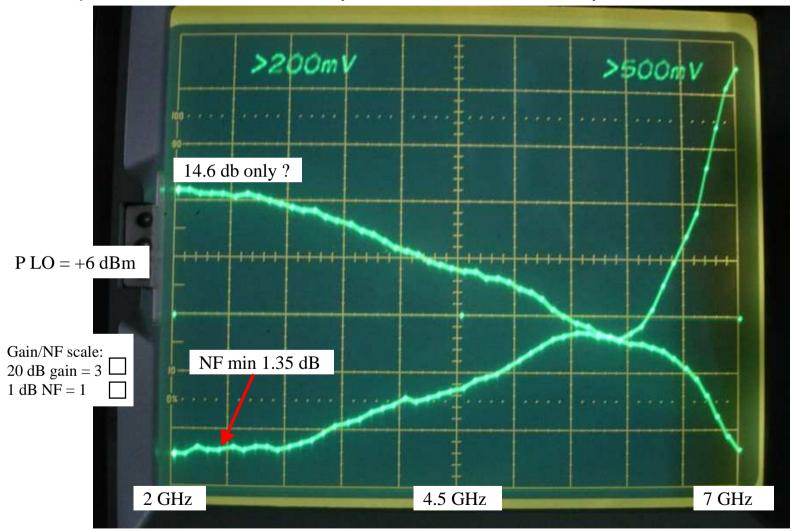
With a 100 MHz step size or less, P LO must be again restricted to +6 dBm (again error 118)

Measure of a Miteq AMF-8S-109127-5 broadband amp (5 to 15 GHz, gain 50 dB Nfmin=2 dB)

**Absolutely impossible to achieve** with SP 16.3 and also a 20 dB attenuator at its output (error 118 and relays fluttering)

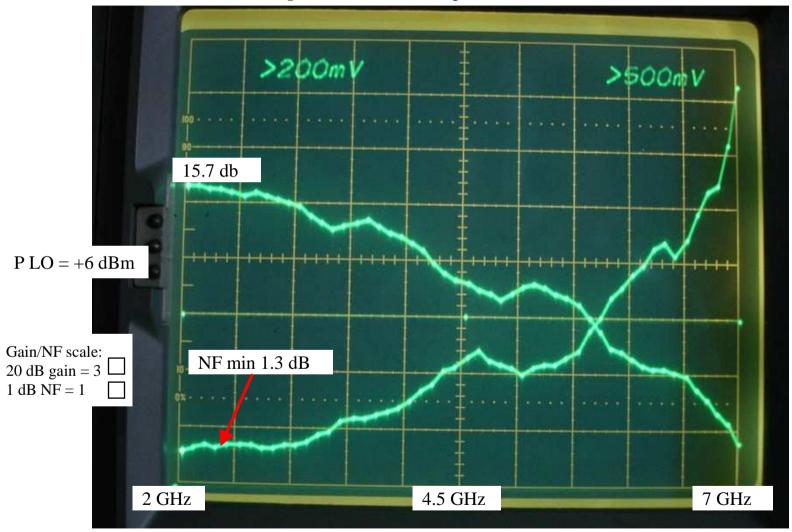
#### Measure of a 10 MHz – 3 GHz LNA 3000a broadband amplifier (15 dB Nfmin=1.3 dB à 2.8 GHz)

a- Factory build Eaton extender without any modifications - - but Eaton analyser with SP 16.3 function



#### Measure of LNA 3000a 10 MHz – 3 GHz broadband amplifier (15 dB Nfmin=1.3 dB à 2.8 GHz)

b- External Watkins-Johnson M52C passive mixer as comparaison (normal SP 16.1)



# **5- Conclusion**

#### **Conclusion**

- As manufactured it's impossible to calibrate the NF correctly over 12.4 GHz !!!!
- Correct calibation only from 2 to 12 GHz - but with taking care of the LO injection
- Optimal measure parameters are difficult to find - also obligation to use the SP 16.2 function
- Overloading the analyser input is its most drawback (error 118, also with relay fluttering)!
- The internal broadband mixer don't have a continuous loss versus frequency, especially à F>12 GHz. Sure that it's internal Miteq broadband front-end hardware is helping to compensate this drawback

Measures (principally NF) are roughly the same as with an external broadband mixer but this last way is the far cheapest and simpliest one!

Special thanks to F5ICN for his extension lending possibility, and also F6AJW and F5BQP for their unconditional help